SENATE BILL No. 1793

Introduced by Senator McPherson

February 20, 2004

An act to add and repeal Article 6.9 (commencing with Section 20209.20) of Chapter 1 of Part 3 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code, relating to public contracts.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1793, as introduced, McPherson. Public contracts: design-build contracting: transportation authorities.

(1) Existing law sets forth the requirements for the solicitation and evaluation of bids and the awarding of contracts by public entities for the erection, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement of any public structure, building, road, or other public improvement. Existing law authorizes specified state agencies, cities, and counties to implement alternative procedures for the awarding of contracts on a design-build basis.

Existing law, until January 1, 2005, authorizes transit operators to enter into a design-build contract, as defined, according to specified procedures.

This bill would authorize, until January 1, 2010, certain transportation authorities to use a design-build process for bidding on transportation projects, including a requirement that certain information be verified under oath. Because a verification under oath is made under penalty of perjury, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program by changing the definition of a crime.

The bill would require these transportation authorities to report to the Legislature regarding implementation of the design-build process.

This bill would also make special findings and declarations for the necessity of a special law.

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(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Article 6.9 (commencing with Section 1 20209.20) is added to Chapter 1 of Part 3 of Division 2 of the 2 3 Public Contract Code, to read:

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Article 6.9. Transportation Authority Design-Build Contracts

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20209.20. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

- (a) It is the intent of the Legislature, in enacting this article, to 10 provide an alternative and optional procedure for bidding on transportation construction projects that is applicable only to any transportation authority established in the County of Alameda under Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 131240) of Division 12.5 of the Public Utilities Code or Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 180050) of Division 19 of that code, and to the Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority established under Part 12 (commencing with Section 100000) of that code.
 - (b) (1) These transportation authorities should be able to utilize cost-effective options for delivery of highway projects, in accordance with the national trend, which includes authorizations in California, to allow public entities to utilize design-build contracts as a project delivery method.
 - (2) Utilizing a design-build contract requires a clear understanding of the roles and responsibilities of each participant in the design-build process. The benefits of a design-build contract project delivery system include an accelerated completion of the projects, cost containment, reduction of construction complexity, and reduced exposure to risk for the transportation authority.

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(3) The design-build approach should be used for the purposes of reducing project cost, expediting project completion, or providing design features not achievable through the design-bid-build method.

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20209.22. For the purposes of this article, the following terms have the following meanings:

- (a) "Best value" means a value determined by objective criteria, including, but not limited to, price, features, functions, life-cycle costs, and other criteria deemed appropriate by the transportation authority.
- (b) "Design-build" means a procurement process in which both the design and construction of a project are procured from a single entity.
- (c) "Design-build entity" means a partnership, corporation, or other legal entity that is able to provide appropriately licensed contracting, architectural, and engineering services as needed pursuant to a design-build contract.
- (d) "Transportation authority" means any transportation authority established in the County of Alameda under Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 131240) of Division 12.5 of the Public Utilities Code or Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 180050) of Division 19 of that code, and the Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority established under Part 12 (commencing with Section 100000) of that code.
- 20209.24. The transportation authority shall establish and enforce for design-build projects a labor compliance program containing the requirements outlined in Section 1771.5 of the Labor Code, or it shall contract with a third party to operate a labor compliance program containing the requirements outlined in that provision. This requirement does not apply to any project where the transportation authority or the design-build entity has entered into any collective bargaining agreement or agreements that bind all of the contractors performing work on the projects.
- 20209.26. Bidding for design-build projects shall progress as follows:
- (a) (1) The transportation authority shall prepare a set of documents setting forth the scope of the project. The documents may include, but need not be limited to, the size, type and desired design character of the project, performance specifications covering the quality of materials, equipment, and workmanship,

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preliminary plans, and any other information deemed necessary to describe adequately the transportation authority's needs. The performance specifications and any plans shall be prepared by a design professional who is duly licensed and registered in California.

- (2) Any architect or engineer retained by the transportation authority to assist in the development of the project-specific documents may not be eligible to participate in the preparation of a bid with any design-build entity for that project.
- (b) Based on the documents prepared under subdivision (a), the transportation authority shall prepare a request for proposals that invites interested parties to submit competitive sealed proposals in the manner prescribed by the transportation authority. The request for proposals shall include, but need not be limited to, the following elements:
- (1) Identification of the basic scope and needs of the project or contract, the expected cost range, the methodology that will be used by the transportation authority to evaluate proposals, whether the contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, and any other information deemed necessary by the transportation authority to inform interested parties of the contracting opportunity.
- (2) Significant factors that the transportation authority reasonably expects to consider in evaluating proposals, including, but not limited to, cost or price and all nonprice related factors.
- (3) The relative importance of weight assigned to each of the factors identified in the request for proposals.
- (4) If a nonweighted system is used, the transportation authority shall specifically disclose whether all evaluation factors other than cost or price when combined are any of the following:
 - (A) Significantly more important than cost or price.
 - (B) Approximately equal in importance to cost or price.
 - (C) Significantly less important than cost or price.
- (5) If the transportation authority reserves the right to hold discussions or negotiations with responsive bidders, it shall so specify in the request for proposal and shall publish separately or incorporate into the request for proposal applicable rules and procedures to be observed by the transportation authority to ensure that any discussions or negotiations are conducted in good faith.

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(c) (1) The transportation authority shall establish a procedure to prequalify design-build entities using a standard questionnaire prepared by the transportation authority. In preparing the questionnaire, the transportation authority shall consult with the construction industry, including, but not limited to, representatives of the building trades and surety industry. This questionnaire shall require information including, but not limited to, all of the following:

- (A) If the design-build entity is a partnership, limited partnership, or other association, a listing of all of the partners, general partners, or association members known at the time of bid submission who will participate in the design-build contract.
- (B) Evidence that the members of the design-build entity have completed, or demonstrated the experience, competency, capability, and capacity to complete projects of similar size, scope, or complexity, and that proposed key personnel have sufficient experience and training to competently manage and complete the design and construction of the project, as well as a financial statement that assures the transportation authority that the design-build entity has the capacity to complete the project.
- (C) The licenses, registration, and credentials required to design and construct the project, including, but not limited to, information on the revocation or suspension of any license, credential, or registration.
- (D) Evidence that establishes that the design-build entity has the capacity to obtain all required payment and performance bonding, liability insurance, and errors and omissions insurance.
- (E) Information concerning workers' compensation experience history and worker safety program.
- (F) A full disclosure regarding all of the following that are applicable:
- (i) Any serious or willful violation of Part 1 (commencing with Section 6300) of Division 5 of the Labor Code or the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-596), settled against any member of the design-build entity.
- (ii) Any debarment, disqualification, or removal from a federal, state, or local government public works project.
- 38 (iii) Any instance where the design-build entity, or its owners, officers, or managing employees submitted a bid on a public works

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project and were found to be nonresponsive, or were found by an awarding body not to be a responsible bidder.

- (iv) Any instance where the design-build entity, or its owners, officers, or managing employees defaulted on a construction contract.
- (v) Any violations of the Contractors' State License Law (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code), excluding alleged violations of federal or state law regarding the payment of wages, benefits, apprenticeship requirements, or personal income tax withholding, or of Federal Insurance Contribution Act (FICA) withholding requirements settled against any member of the design-build entity.
- (vi) Any bankruptcy or receivership of any member of the design-build entity, including, but not limited to, information concerning any work completed by a surety.
- (vii) Any settled adverse claims, disputes, or lawsuits between the owner of a public works project and any member of the design-build entity during the five years preceding submission of a bid under this article, in which the claim, settlement, or judgment exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). Information shall also be provided concerning any work completed by a surety during this period.
- (G) In the case of a partnership or any association that is not a legal entity, a copy of the agreement creating the partnership or association and specifying that all partners or association members agree to be fully liable for the performance under the design-build contract.
- (2) The information required under this subdivision shall be verified under oath by the entity and its members in the manner in which civil pleadings in civil actions are verified. Information that is not a public record under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code) shall not be open to public inspection.
- (d) The transportation authority shall establish a procedure for final selection of the design-build entity. Selection shall be based on either of the following criteria:

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(1) A competitive bidding process resulting in lump sum bids by the prequalified design-build entities. Awards shall be made to the lowest responsible bidder.

- (2) A design-build competition based upon best value and other criteria set forth in subdivision (b). The design-build competition shall include the following elements:
- (A) Competitive proposals shall be evaluated by using only the criteria and selection procedures specifically identified in the request for proposal. However, the following minimum factors shall collectively represent at least 50 percent of the total weight of consideration given to all criteria factors:
 - (i) Price.

- (ii) Technical design and construction expertise.
- (iii) Life cycle costs over 15 years or more.
- (iv) Skilled labor force availability, determined by the existence of an agreement with a registered apprenticeship program, approved by the California Apprenticeship Council, which has graduated apprentices in each of the preceding five years. This graduation requirement shall not apply to programs providing apprenticeship training for any craft that was first deemed by the Department of Labor and the Department of Industrial Relations to be an apprenticeable craft within the five years prior to the effective date of this article.
- (v) Acceptable safety record. A bidder's safety record shall be deemed acceptable if its experience modification rate for the most recent three-year period is an average of 1.00 or less, and its average Total Recordable Injury/Illness rate and average lost work rate for the most recent three-year period does not exceed the applicable statistical standards for its business category or if the bidder is a party to an alternative dispute resolution system as provided for in Section 3201.5 of the Labor Code.
- (B) When the evaluation is complete, the top three responsive bidders shall be ranked sequentially from the most advantageous to the least advantageous.
- (C) The award of the contract shall be made to the responsible bidder whose proposal is determined to be the most advantageous.
- (D) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, upon issuance of a contract award, the transportation authority shall publicly announce its award, identifying the contractor to whom the award is made, along with a written decision supporting its

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 contract award and stating the basis of the award. The notice of award shall also include the transportation authority's second and third ranked design-build entities.

20209.28. (a) Any design-build entity that is selected to design and build a project under this article shall possess or obtain sufficient bonding to cover the contract amount for nondesign services, and errors and omission insurance coverage sufficient to cover all design, engineering, and architectural services provided in the contract. This section does not prohibit a general or engineering contractor from being designated the lead entity on a design-build project for the purposes of purchasing necessary bonding to cover the activities of the design-build entity.

(b) Any payment or performance bond written for the purposes of this article shall be written using a bond form developed by the Department of General Services under subdivision (i) of Section 14661 of the Government Code.

20209.30. All bids by subcontractors that were not listed by the design-build entity in accordance with subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 20209.26 shall be considered by the design-build entity in accordance with the design-build process set forth by the transportation authority in the design-build package. All bids by subcontractors bidding on contracts under this article shall be subject to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 4100) of Part 1 of Division 2. The design-build entity shall do both of the following:

- (a) Provide public notice of the availability of work to be subcontracted in accordance with the publication requirements applicable to the competitive bidding process of the transportation authority.
- (b) Provide a fixed date and time on which the subcontracted work will be awarded in accordance with the procedure established under this article.

20209.32. A deviation from the performance criteria and standards established under subdivision (a) of Section 20209.26 may not be authorized except by written consent of the transportation authority.

20209.36. The transportation authority may retain the services of a design professional or construction project manager, or both, throughout the course of the project in order to ensure compliance with this article.

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20209.38. Nothing in this article affects, expands, alters, or limits any rights or remedies otherwise available at law.

20209.40. (a) Retention proceeds withheld by a transportation authority from a design-build entity may not be more than 5 percent of the total bid price if a performance and payment bond, issued by an admitted surety insurer, is required in the solicitation of bids.

- (b) (1) Except as authorized under paragraph (2), in a contract between the design-build entity and a subcontractor, and in a contract between a subcontractor and any subcontractor thereunder, the percentage of the retention proceeds withheld may not exceed the percentage specified in the contract between the transportation authority and the design-build entity.
- (2) If the design-build entity provides written notice to any subcontractor who is not a member of the design-build entity, prior to or at the time the bid is requested, that a bond may be required, and the subcontractor subsequently is unable or refuses to furnish a bond to the design-build entity, the design-build entity may withhold retention proceeds in an amount greater than authorized under paragraph (1), from any payment made by the design-build entity to the subcontractor.

20209.42. The transportation authority shall submit to the Senate Committee on Transportation, and the Assembly Committee on Transportation, on or before December 1, 2008, a report containing a description of each public works project procured through the design-build process, and completed on or before November 1, 2008. The report shall include, but shall not be limited to, all of the following information:

- (a) A description of the project.
- (b) The estimated and actual project costs.
- (c) The design-build entity that was awarded the project.
- (d) The estimated and actual length of time to complete the project.
- (e) A description of any written protests concerning any aspect of the solicitation, bid, proposal, or award of the design-build project, including, but not limited to, the resolution of the protests.
 - (f) An assessment of the prequalification process and criteria.
- 38 (g) An assessment of the impact of limiting retention to 5 percent on the project, as required under Section 20209.40.

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 (h) A description of the labor force compliance program required under Section 20209.24, and an assessment of the impact on a project where compliance with that program is required.

- (i) A description of the method used to award the contract. If best value was the method, the factors used to evaluate the bid shall be described, including the weighting of each factor and an assessment of the effectiveness of the methodology.
- (j) An assessment of the project impact of "skilled labor force availability" requirement imposed under clause (iv) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 20209.26.
- (k) Recommendations regarding the most appropriate uses for the design-build approach.
 - 20209.44. This article shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2010, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that is enacted before January 1, 2010, deletes or extends that date.
- SEC. 2. The Legislature finds and declares that a special law is necessary and a general law cannot be made applicable within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California Constitution because of the unique need of the County of Alameda and the Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority to be able to utilize cost-effective options for the delivery of highway projects.
- SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.